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792103

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### Bachelor of Arts Bachelor of Law

#### EIGHTH SEMESTER

Name of Subject	Credits	Total Marks
Environmental law	4	100
Human Rights Law	4	100
Civil procedure code & limitation act	4	100
Criminal procedure code	4	100
Labour Laws and Industrial Dispute II	4	100
Criminology & Penology	4	100
<b>Total</b>	<b>24</b>	
<b>Internship IV will be added on last semester.</b>		

#### **SUBJECT NAME:** ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

#### **UNIT I:** Introduction

- a. Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies
  - i Definition, scope and importance
  - ii Need for public awareness
- b. Basic Concepts of Ecology
  - i Concept of an ecosystem
  - ii Structure and function of an ecosystem
  - iii Producers, consumers and decomposers
  - iv Energy flow in the ecosystem

- v Ecological succession
- vi Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids
- vii Characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem
- viii Forest ecosystem; Grassland ecosystem; Desert ecosystem; Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

**UNIT II: Natural Resources & Biodiversity**

- a. Renewable and non-renewable resources:
  - i. Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation.
  - ii. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forest and tribal people.
  - iii. Case study.
  - iv. Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems. Cases.
  - v. Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects. Cases
  - vi. Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. Concept of Food Security.
  - vii. Energy resources: Growing energy needs, Energy crisis, Renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources, Case studies.
  - viii. Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification.
- b. Biodiversity and its conservation
  - i. Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity
  - ii. Bio-geographical classification of India
  - iii. Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, and aesthetic and option values
  - iv. Biodiversity at global, national and local levels
  - v. India as a mega-diversity nation
  - vi. Hot spots of biodiversity
  - vii. Threats to biodiversity: Habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts
  - viii. Endangered and endemic species of India

- ix. Conservation of biodiversity : In-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity

**UNIT III: Problems of Environmental Pollution, Control Measures and Acts**

- a. Causes and effects
  - i. Air pollution
  - ii. Water pollution
  - iii. Soil pollution
  - iv. Marine pollution
  - v. Noise pollution
  - vi. Thermal pollution
  - vii. Nuclear hazards
- b. Control measures of pollution in
  - i. Environment Protection Act
  - ii. Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act
  - iii. Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act
  - iv. Wildlife Protection Act
  - v. Forest Conservation Act
- c. Management of environmental problems
  - i. Solid waste Management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes.
  - ii. Role of an individual in prevention of pollution
  - iii. Pollution case studies
  - iv. Disaster management : floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides
  - v. Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies.
  - vi. Concept of Sustainable development

**UNIT IV: Social Issues and the Environment**

- a. Urban problems related to energy
- b. Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management
- c. Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case Studies
- d. Wasteland reclamation
- e. Consumerism and waste products
- f. Population growth- variation among nations and population explosion- Family Welfare program
- g. Environment and human health- HIV/AIDS.

- h. Human Rights and environment
- i. Role of Women and Child in environmental protection
- j. Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions
- k. Value Education
- l. Problems in enforcement of environmental legislation
- m. Role of Information Technology in Environment and human health.

**SUBJECT NAME:HUMAN RIGHTS LAW**

**UNIT – I: Introduction**

- a. History
- b. Evolution
- c. Growth

**UNIT – II: UN Charter and Human Rights**

- a. UDHR
- b. Covenants of 1966
- c. Optional Protocols

**UNIT – III: Human Rights under the Indian Constitution and their Enforcement**

- a. Fundamental Rights
- b. Directive Principles of State Policy

**UNIT – IV: Role of Judiciary**

- a. NHRC
- b. NGOs

**UNIT - V: Group Rights**

- a. Prisoners
- b. Women and Children
- c. Indigenous People
- d. Disabled.

**UNIT-VI: International Humanitarian Law**

- a. Introduction
- b. History
- c. Evolution
- d. Growth

**UNIT –VII: Geneva Conventions Systems**

- a. Geneva Convention I, II, III, IV

**UNIT – VII: Armed Conflicts**

- a. Internal armed conflict
- b. International armed conflicts

- c. Non-international armed conflicts

**UNIT – VII: Enforcement Machinery**

- a. International Criminal Court
- b. ICRC

**SUBJECT NAME: CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE**

**UNIT – I: Introduction**

- a. Definitions: Decree, Judgement, Order, Foreign Court, Foreign Judgement, Mesne, Profits, Affidavit, Suit, Plaint, Written Statement
- b. Important Concepts: Res Sub-Judice, Resjudicata, Restitution, Caveat, Inherent Powers of Courts

**UNIT – II: Initial steps in a suit**

- a. Jurisdiction and place of suing
- b. Institution of suit
- c. Pleadings: Meaning, object, General rules, Amendment of pleadings
- d. Plaint and written statement
- e. Discovery, Inspection and production of documents
- f. Appearance and non-appearance of parties
- g. First hearing

**UNIT – III: Interim Orders**

- a. Commissions
- b. Arrest before judgment
- c. Attachment before judgment
- d. Temporary Injunctions
- e. Interlocutory orders
- f. Receiver
- g. Security of costs

**UNIT – IV: Suits in Particular Cases**

- a. Suits by or against Government
- b. Suits by Indigent persons
- c. Interpleaded Suit Summary Procedure
- d. Suits relating to public nuisance

**UNIT -V: Judgment and Decree**

- a. Judgment : Definition, Essentials, Pronouncement, Contents, and Alteration
- b. Decree : Definition, Essentials, Types, Drawing up of a decree, Contents, and

Decree in particular cases

- c. Interest
- d. Costs

**UNIT-VI: Execution**

- a. Courts by which decree may be executed
- b. Payment under decree
- c. Application for Execution
- d. Mode of Execution
- e. Stay of Execution
- f. Questions to be determined by executing court

**UNIT-VII: Appeals**

- a. Appeals from original decree
- b. Appeals from appellate decrees
- c. General provisions relating to appeals
- d. Appeals to the Supreme Court
- e. Appeals by Indigent persons

**UNIT-VIII: Reference, Review and Revision**

- a. Reference To High Court
- b. Review
- c. Revision

**UNIT-IX: Limitation Act**

**SUBJECT NAME: CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE**

**UNIT – I: Introduction**

- a. Definitions
- b. Constitution and powers of Criminal Courts and Offices

**UNIT – II: Provisions for Investigations**

- a. Arrest and Bail provisions
- b. Information to the Police and their powers to investigate

**UNIT – III: Process to Compel Appearance and Production of things**

- a. Summons for Appearance
- b. Warrant of arrest
- c. Proclamation and attachment
- d. Other rules regarding processes

- e. Summons procedure
- f. Search Warrants
- g. General provisions as to search
- h. Miscellaneous

**UNIT-III:** Proceedings before Magistrate

- a. Conditions requisite for initiation of proceedings
- b. Complaints to Magistrates
- c. Commencement of proceedings before Magistrates
- d. Security Proceedings

**UNIT-IV:** Introduction to Trial Procedures

- a. The charge
  - i. Form of charges
  - ii. Joinder of charges
- b. Evidence in inquiries and trials
- c. General provisions as to inquiries and trials
- d. Provisions as to accused persons of unsound mind.

**UNIT-V:** Trials and Execution Proceedings

- a. Trial before a court of session
- b. Trial of warrant cases by magistrates
- c. Trial of summons – cases by Magistrates
- d. Summary Trials
- e. Judgment
- f. Submission of death sentences for confirmation
- g. Execution, suspension, remission and commutation of sentences

**UNIT-VI:** Review Procedures

- a. Appeals
- b. Reference and Revisions

**UNIT-VII:** Miscellaneous

- a. Maintenance of wives, children and parents
- b. Transfer of criminal cases
- c. Irregular proceedings
- d. Limitations for taking cognizance

**SUBJECT NAME:** LABOUR LAWS&INDUSTRIAL DISPUTE II

**UNIT – I:** Minimum Wages Act, 1948

- a. Concept of minimum wage, fair wage, living wage and need based minimum wage
- b. Constitutional validity of the Minimum wages Act, 1948
- c. Procedure for fixation and revision of minimum wages
- d. Fixation of minimum rates of wage by time rate or by piece rate
- e. Procedure for hearing and deciding claims

**UNIT-II: Payment of Wages Act, 1936**

- a. Object, scope and application of the Act
- b. Definition of wage
- c. Responsibility for payment of wages
- d. Fixation of wage period
- e. Time of payment of wage
- f. Deductions which may be made from wages
- g. Maximum amount of deduction

**UNIT –III: Factories Act, 1948**

- a. Concept of “factory”, “manufacturing process” “worker” and “occupier”
- b. General duties of occupier
- c. Measures to be taken in factories for health, safety and welfare of workers
- d. Working hours of adults
- e. Employment of young person and children
- f. Annual leave with wages
- g. Additional provisions regulating employment of women in factory

**UNIT – IV: Labour Welfare Legislation:**

- i. The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
  - a. Background
  - b. Salient Features
  - c. Corporation, Standing Committee and Medical Benefit Council
  - d. Contributions
  - e. Benefits
  - f. Adjudication of disputes and Claims
  - g. Penalties
- ii. The Employees Provident Fund Act, 1952
  - a. Salient Features
  - b. Object and Scope
  - c. Employees Provident Fund Scheme



- d. Authorities
- e. Miscellaneous

**UNIT – V: Labour Welfare Legislation**

- i. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
  - a. Background
  - b. Object and Scope
  - c. Salient Features
- ii. The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970
  - a. Object and Scope
  - b. Salient Features

**SUBJECT NAME: CRIMINOLOGY AND PENOLOGY**

**UNIT- I: Introduction to Criminology**

- a. Definition, nature and extent of crime in India,
- b. Definition, nature, scope and importance of criminology
- c. Relationship between crime, criminal law and criminology
- d. Methods of criminological studies

**UNIT II: School of Criminology**

- a. Classical and Neo-classical
- b. Sociological
- c. Socialistic
- d. Feminist approach
- e. Multiple Factor Theory

**UNIT III: Crime Causation**

- a. Positivist Theory (Lombroso, Garofalo, and Enrico Ferri)
- b. Psycho-analytical Theory
- c. Social dis-organization and Anomie
- d. Differential Association Theory Delinquent Sub-culture Theory

**UNIT-IV: Dimensions of Crime**

- a. White Collar Crime:
  - i. Definition, Scope And Extent;
  - ii. Corruption In Public Life
  - iii. Causes, Prevention And Treatment Of White Collar Criminality With Special Reference To India Juvenile Delinquency: Definition, Nature And Scope
- b. Causes, Prevention And Treatment Of Juvenile Delinquency In India
- c. Criminality Of Women: Causes, Prevention And Treatment

**UNIT – V: Penology**

- a. Theories of punishment
- b. Capital punishment; judicial attitude towards capital punishment in Indian Prison system; open prison-evaluation
- c. Probation
- d. Parole
- e. Distinction between probation and parole